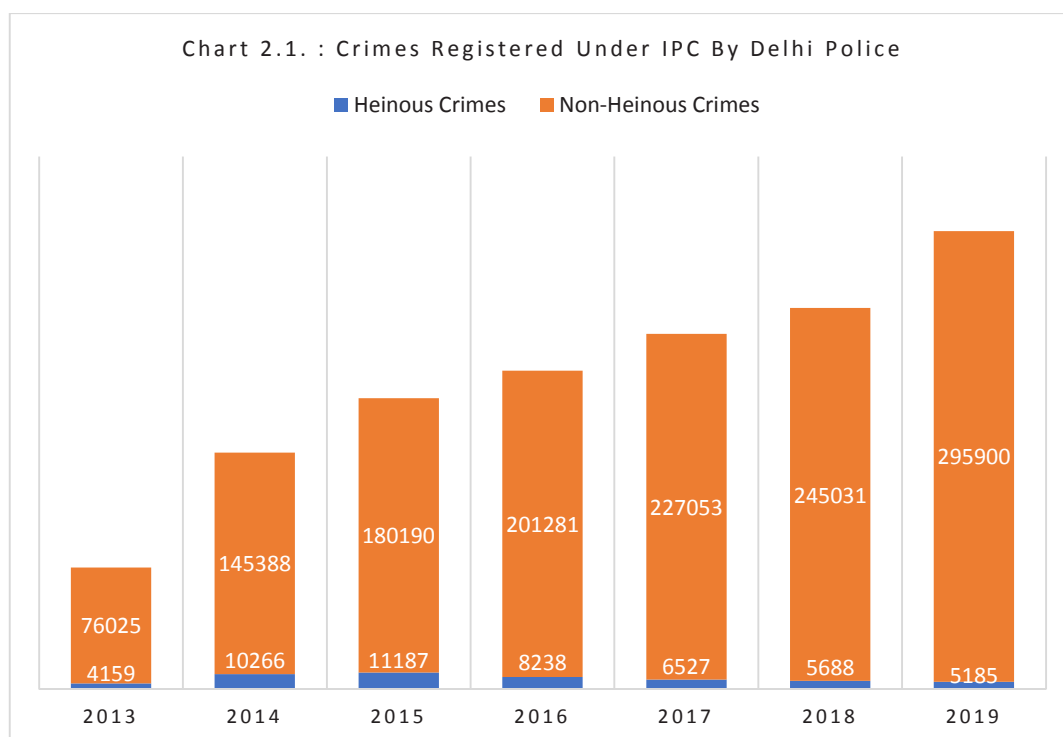


2. Crime Incidence in NCT of Delhi

Prevention of crime and protection of life, liberty, property, human rights and dignity of members of the public are amongst the main functions of the police. The incidence of crime registered under the Indian Penal Code² (IPC) in the NCT of Delhi during 2019 increased by 275 *per cent* from that of 2013, as depicted in chart 2.1 and 2.2.

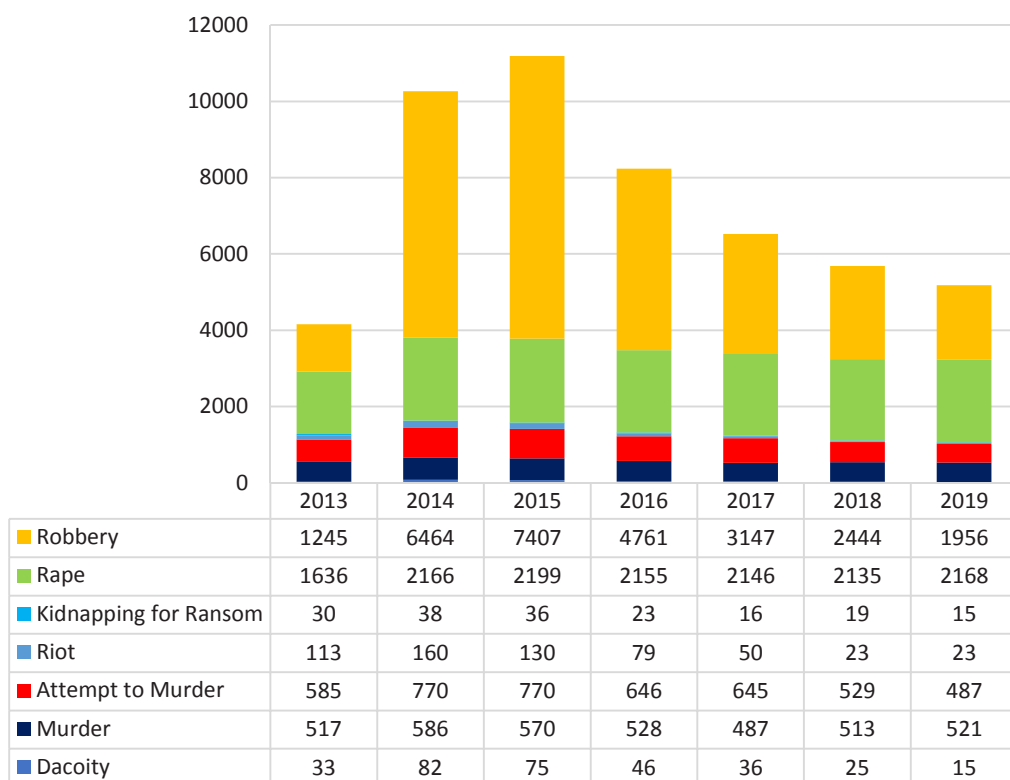


Source: Statistics given on Delhi Police website

Audit observed that the sharp increase in total number of IPC crimes registered was largely due to huge increase in crimes registered under “Other Theft” from 0.12 lakh in 2013 to 1.91 lakh in 2019 and “M.V. Theft” from 14,916 in 2013 to 46,215 in 2019. Delhi Police attributes this sharp increase in “Other Theft” and “M.V Theft” to better reporting of crimes and facility to lodge e-FIRs for theft of Motor Vehicles and other properties without visiting Police Stations. Meanwhile, the number of crimes registered under “Snatching” also increased by 72 *per cent* from 2013 to 2019.

² The various crime heads covered under IPC are murder, attempt to murder, rape, riot, kidnapping and abduction, arson, preparation and assembly for dacoity, robbery etc.

Chart 2.2. : Heinous crimes registered under various categories



Source: Statistics given on Delhi Police website

Audit further noticed that there was an increase in heinous crimes from 4,159 in 2013 to 5,185 in 2019, as seen in Chart 2.2 above. However, the total number of heinous crimes registered had sharply increased from year 2013 to 2015 and then continuously decreased during 2015-2019, i.e. a positive trend. Meanwhile, crimes under ‘Riot’ category significantly decreased from 113 in year 2013 to 23 in year 2019³.

³ However, crimes under ‘Riot’ category sharply rose to 680 in January-April 2020 as against only two such cases during the same period in 2019.